## "The Challenges of Education Change"

Daniel Duke
Professor
Leadership, Foundations & Policy
Curry School of Education
University of Virginia

VACTEA Conference October 12, 2006

## ASSUMPTIONS ABOUT ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGE

- 1. CHANGE IS A PROCESS, NOT AN EVENT
- 2. ORGANIZATIONS CANNOT CHANGE UNLESS PEOPLE CHANGE
- 3. AT ANY GIVEN TIME MOST PEOPLE ARE NOT USING ALL THE KNOWLEDGE THEY HAVE
- 4. SUCCESSFUL CHANGE REQUIRES STABILITY
- 5. WHERE THERE IS CHANGE, THERE WILL BE CONFLICT

## THE TRANSITION PROCESS **ASSUMPTIONS ABOUT**

- 1. People have characteristic ways of ending things and beginning things.
- Transitions are not the same Changes are situational. Transitions are psychological. changes.
- A change without transition is likely to be unsuccessful.
- 4. We lack a vocabulary for talking about transitions.

BRIDGES, Managing Transitions (2003)

## STAGE 1 OF TRANSITION: ENDING

their old identity people had. People Letting go of the old ways and the dealing with need help losses.

## STAGE 2 OF TRANSITION: THE NEUTRAL ZONE

zone" psychological realignments are time when the old is gone but the new isn't fully operational. Going through an in-between "neutral taking place. this

## **NEUTRAL ZONE DANGERS**

- Anxiety rises and motivation falls. People feel disoriented. Energy is drained away from work into coping tactics.
- Employee absenteeism increases.
- emerge and old resentments surface anew. Old weaknesses in the organization
- People feel overloaded and priorities are confused. As uncertainty grows, confidence in the organization is lost.
- want t rush forward; others want to go back Polarization occurs among employees. Some to the way things were.
- The organization becomes vulnerable outside criticism.

## STAGE 3 OF TRANSITION: NEW BEGINNING

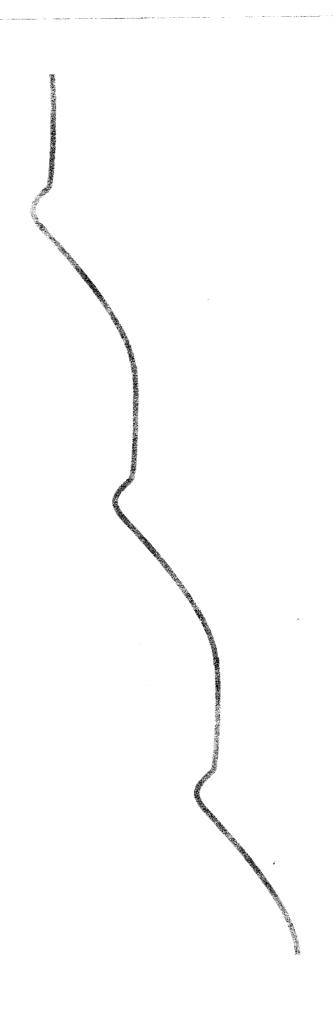
This is when people develop the energy, and discover the new sense of purpose that make the new identity, experience the new change begin to work.

## STRATEGIES FOR THE NEW BEGINNING

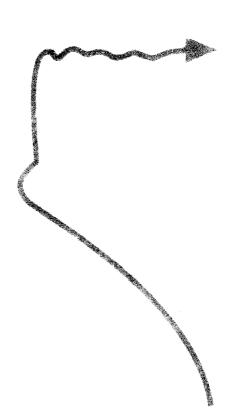
- 1. Be sure people understand the purpose behind the outcome being sought.
- 2. Paint a picture of how the desired outcome will look and feel.
- 3. Lay out a step-by-step plan regarding how the new outcome will be achieved.
- 4. Give each person a part to play in the plan. People need a tangible way to contribute.

## WHY DO PEOPLE RESIST CHANGE?

- Lack of awareness of the need for change.
- Comfort with current routines.
- Fear of failure.
- 4. Fear of success.
- Failure to understand the learning curve.
- Change occasions stress.



## 







# "SACRED" ASSUMPTIONS ABOUT PUBLIC SCHOOLS

The central activity of school is teaching.

The purpose of teaching is the acquisition of knowledge.

Students must be graded on how well they acquire knowledge.

All students must acquire the same basic knowledge.

All students must acquire basic knowledge in the same amount of

All students must acquire basic knowledge in the same sequence and combination.

All students must acquire basic knowledge in the same place.

The needs of all students should be accommodated under the same

## FRANKLIN COUNTY, VIRGINIA

POPULATION: 45,200

PER CAPITA INCOME: \$15,695

ADULTS WITHOUT HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMAS: 40%

STUDENTS RECEIVING FREE OR REDUCED MEALS: 32%

## CENTER FOR APPLIED TECHNOLOGY AND CAREER EXPLORATION (CATCE)

OPENED:

AUGUST 25, 1997

**CAPACITY:** 

500

SQUARE FOOTAGE: 64,000 sq.ft.

COST: APPROX. \$6,500,000

ARCHITECTS: HAYES, SEAY, MATTERN

& MATTERN, ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

## Center for Applied Technology and Career Exploration

## Student Expectations

- Develop oral, written, and auditory communication skills
- Clarify a career path plan
- Develop a work ethic that includes responsibility, initiative, and dependability
- Solve problems effectively in diverse collaborative groups
- Apply problem-solving skills using appropriate technology
- Develop research skills using appropriate technology
- Develop strategies to adapt to change

## Center for Applied Technology and Career Exploration

## Modules

- Environmental/natural resources
- Arts
- Manufacturing
- Engineering/architectural design
- Media design
- Legal science
- Finance
- Health/human services/medicine

## Center for Applied Technology and Career Exploration

## **Key Features**

- Problem-based learning
- Dress varies with activity
- No set lunch
- Co-teaching
- Students work in teams
- Conference center with up-link/downlink capacity
- Every student has a work station
- Students can elect to return in ninth grade for advanced work

## WHAT CATCE DOES/DOES NOT HAVE

DOES NOT HAVE

DOES HAVE

LIBRARY/MEDIA CENTER ELECTRIC LIBRARY

ONE COMPUTER FOR EVERY 2 STUDENTS

DESKS WORKSTATIONS

CAFETERIA COMMONS

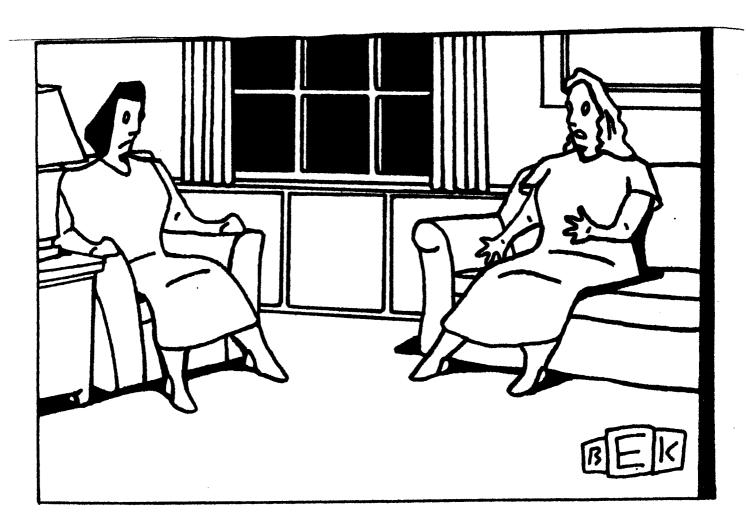
GYMNASIUM YMCA NEXT DOOR

AUDITORIUM CONFERENCE CENTER

LOCKER IN HALLS STORAGE IN WORKSTATIONS



"He's exactly the kind of man I've always wanted to change."



"It's easy. The first step is to entirely change who you are."